## Sainath Education Trust's



## Rajiv Gandhi College

of Arts, Commerce, & Science. Vashi Navi Mumbai.
{Permanently Affiliated to University Of Mumbai}
ACCREDITED BY NAAC. GRADE 'B'

## **Sample Multiple Choice Questions**

Class:-S.Y.B.Sc.

**Subject :- CHEMISTRY PAPER I** 

**Semester:-IV** 

- 1) In periodic table, element in a second row of transition elements titanium is beneath
  - a) Zn
  - b) Zr
  - c) Sc
  - d) Be
- 2) Paramagnetism is a property of
  - a) Completely filled electronic sub-shells
  - b) Unpaired electrons
  - c) Non-transition elements
  - d) Transition elements
- 3) d-blocks elements are those elements whose two outermost shell are
  - a) Incomplete
  - b) Completely filled
  - c) Vacant
  - d) Intermediate
- 4) Which one of the following sets correctly represents the increases in the paramagnetic property of the ions
  - a) Cu+2 < V+2 < Cr+2 < Mn+2
  - b) Cu+2<Cr+2<V+2<Mn+2
  - c) Mn+2<V+2<Cr+2<Cu+2
  - d) V+2<Cr+2<Mn+2<Cu+2

|    | a) sp3d2  |
|----|---|
|    | b) d2sp3  |
|    | c) sp3  |
|    | d) sp   |
| 6) | Cis -Platin is used in the treatment of                         |
|    | a) Diabetes   |
|    | b) Blood Pressure   |
|    | c) Cancer   |
|    | d) Dialysis   |
| 7) | A group of atom can function as a ligand only when              |
|    | a) It is a small molecule                                       |
|    | b) It is positively charged ion                                 |
|    | c) It has unshared electron pair                                |
|    | d) Shared pair electrons  |
| 8) | The number of dative bonds to the central metal ions is its     |
|    | a) Oxidation Number   |
|    | b) Compound Number  |
|    | c) Co-ordination Number   |
|    | d) Dative Number  |
| 9) | Electrical workdone in galvanic cell must be equal to theof the |
|    | reactant.   |
|    | a) decrease in the free energy                                  |
|    | b) increase in the free energy                                  |
|    | c) decrease in the potential energy                             |
|    | d) increase in the potential energy                             |
| 10 |   |
|    | a) Metal metal insoluble salt electrode                         |
|    | b) Gas electrode  |
|    | c) Metal - metal ion electrode                                  |
|    | d) Redox electrode  |
| 11 | ,   |
|    | 250C and number of electrons are 2.(Given $F = 96500$ )         |
|    | a) 42884.6 J/mol  |
|    | b) 44884.6 J/mol  |
|    | c) 46884.6 J/mol  |
|    | d) 40884.6 J/mol  |
|    |   |

5) Hybridisation in [Co(NH3)6]+3 is

- 12) What is a Phase of system?
  - a) It is homogeneous, physically distinct and mechanically seperable part of heterogeneous system.
  - b) It is heterogeneous, chemically distinct and mechanically seperable part of homogeneous system.
  - c) It is homogeneous, chemically distinct and mechanically seperable part of heterogeneous system.
  - d) It is heterogeneous, physically distinct and mechanically seperable part of homogeneous system.
- 13) For a following chemical reaction, what are the number of components and the degree of freedom of the system?

```
C(S) + H2O(g) -----> CO(g) + H2(g)
```

- a) 4, trivariant
- b) 3, divariant
- c) 4, divariant
- d) 3, trivariant
- 14) In water system, How many number of areas are there in its phase diagram?
  - a) 3
  - b) 5
  - c) 4
  - d) 6
- 15) ----- are galvanic cells in which two identical eletrodes are used to form a cell.
  - a) Reversible Cells
  - b) Irreversible Cells
  - c) Chemical Cells
  - d) Concentration Cells
- 16) While representing the cell, the electrode at which oxidation occurs is asigned as -----and placed at ----- side.
  - a) negative, LHS
  - b) negative, RHS
  - c) positive, LHS
  - d) positive, RHS
- 17) What is the correct formula to calculate emf of the cell?
  - a)  $E_{cell} = E_{RHE} E_{LHE}$
  - b)  $E_{cell} = E_{LHE} E_{RHE}$
  - c)  $E_{cell} = E_{oxidation} E_{Reduction}$
  - d)  $E_{cell} = E_{oxidation} + E_{Reduction}$

| 18) | The acid catalysed esterification is known as                             |
|-----|---|
| a)  | Fischers esterification   |
| b)  | Etherification  |
| c)  | benzoin condensation  |
| d)  | acylation   |
| 19) | The sulfonic acid react with NaOH to form                                 |
| a)  | Base  |
| b)  | Salt  |
| c)  | Ketone  |
| d)  | Aldehyde  |
| 20) | 1-propanol react with acidic potassiumdichromateto form                   |
| a)  | 1-propanoic acid  |
| b)  | isophthalic acid  |
| c)  | 2-naphthoic acid  |
| d)  | benzoic acid  |
| 21) | The ortho ,para directing group amoung the following is                   |
| a)  | -СНО  |
| b)  | -СООН   |
| c)  | -NO2  |
| d)  | -OH   |
| 22) | The oleum isagent   |
| a)  | Sulfonating   |
| b)  | Nitrating   |
| c)  | Dehydrating   |
| d)  | Hydrating   |
| 23) | Acetic acid react with ethyl alcohol in presence of acid as a catalyst to |
| for | rm  |
| a)  | ethyl acetate   |
| b)  | methyl acetate  |
| c)  | phenyl acetate  |
| d)  | phenol  |
| 24) | Benzoic acid react with thionyl chloride in presence of pyridine to       |
| for | rm  |
| a)  | Benzoyl chloride  |
| b)  | Phenol  |
| c)  | Benzyl alcohol  |
| d)  | Benzene   |

| 25)     | When carboxylic acid is heated strongly with sodalime it eliminate CO2 |
|---------|--|
| to form |  |
| a)      | alkane or arene  |
| b)      | alkene   |
| c)      | alkyne   |
| d)      | aldehyde   |
|         |  |
|         |  |
|         |  |
|         |  |
|         |  |
|         |  |